

PROGRESSION OF SKILLS - FHC Forest School Love to Learn

Skills	Nursery and FS2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Shelter Building	Introduction of basic shelter building with support (some indoor and outdoor equipment)	Supported construction of tripod structures (mini-den building)	Independent use of tripod structures (animal den building)	Create a tarpaulin shelter in a woodland	Design and build varying sized shelters using tarpaulin and materials found in a		Shelter building challenge – working in teams the children plan, build and review their shelters (recap
	Mini-den building for small animals	Erect a lean to shelter, with support	Introduction to lashing and frapping techniques to make frames Create a lean to shelter, independently or with limited support	Work successfully as a group, having considered and evaluated each members' contributions Compare and evaluate the shelters in relation to their sturdiness, durability, weatherproofing and whether it	woodland Work successfully as a group, having considered and evaluated each members' contributions	Work successfully as a group, having considered and evaluated each members' contributions Compare and evaluate the shelters in relation to their sturdiness, durability,	the different ways to build shelters) Work successfully as a group, having considered and evaluated each members' contributions
				is fit for purpose	Compare and evaluate the shelters in relation to their sturdiness, durability, weatherproofing and whether it is fit for purpose	weatherproofing and whether it is fit for purpose	Compare and evaluate the shelters in relation to their sturdiness, durability, weatherproofing and whether it is fit for purpose
							Set up a tent in preparation for going on a residential visit

0	Follow rules and boundaries	Use simple compass directions	Use simple compass directions	Demonstrate understanding of	Recognise features and	Use the eight points of a	Use the eight points of a
Geographical Skills and	Promote free exploration	(North, South, East and West)	(North, South, East and West)	the concept of a basic map	symbols on the map	compass and four figure grid references	compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of
Navigation	Promote free exploration	Use directional language (near and far; left and right)	Use directional language (near and far; left and right)	Navigate your way around a simple orienteering course	Understand how to orientate the map	Develop expertise in the orienteering skills of	Ordnance Survey Maps)
		Describe the location of features and routes on a map	Describe the location of features and routes on a map	Understand the term 'orientate or 'setting' a map	Demonstrate understanding of a line orienteering course (short loop) and star orienteering	orientating a map, following a course, and recognition of relevant map symbols	Further develop navigational skills by planning ahead, identifying problems and making decisions
		Recognise landmarks and human and physical features	Recognise landmarks and human and physical features	Complete a simple 'star' orienteering activity in pairs / groups	Build trust with a partner and work together when	Demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between pacing and distance	Learn to balance speed and accuracy
		Devise a simple map and use basic symbols in a key	Devise a simple map and use basic symbols in a key	Record information accurately and neatly	orienteering	Plan a short loop course for another pair to follow	Set, read and follow a bearing
				Follow rules when completing a star orienteering activity		Improve confidence in map reading and the transfer of information from map to ground	Practice and develop pacing skills Be able to take a bearing from a map and use that bearing to
						Apply skills of orienteering including thumbing the map, route choice and symbol recognition	find a control point Combine map reading and compass skills
						Plan the most efficient route so that the course is completed in the quickest time	Measure the distance between control points and, using the map scale, estimate the number of paces required to reach each control
							Successfully undertake an orienteering competition
						Complete the orienteering	using an unfamiliar map in a
						course in the fastest time possible competing against others	new location
							Demonstrate effective use of orientating a map, using a compass, setting, reading and following bearings, and scale to navigate around a score (scatter) orienteering course

course

	I	I	I		I		
Play /	Introduction to rules and boundaries	Re-enforce rules and boundaries	Re-enforce rules and boundaries of forest schools	Take part in outdoor challenges on own and in a team	Play woodland versions of games	Orienteering with an OS map	Create a time capsule
Exploring	boundaries	boundaries	or rorest scribbis	on own and in a team	guines	тар	
LAPIOITING							
	Promotion of free exploration	Travel safely over the terrain	Move logs safely with support first	Climb a tree	I can work in a team during		
		Forest School	IIISC		wide games and scavenger hunts		
	Promotion of independent			Make something out of wood			
	learning opportunities/skills		Build a bridge	-			
		Carry sticks safely		Cook outdoors	Make a sculpture		
	Plant bulbs and watch them		Become a nature detective	COOK OULGOOIS			
	grow	Work in a team to co-operate			Make up your own game		
		and communicate clearly			and teach it to someone		
	Autumn walk		Get soaking wet in the rain		teach it to someone		
	/ lacarrir rrain	Discover what's in a pond					
			Bird watching		Treasure hunt		
	Search for butterflies	Hunt for insects					
		Trunctor insects					
		Roll down a hill					
		Make a daisy chain					
		Build a den					
Heine	Introduction to tools (peelers	Continuation of the use of	Continuation of the use of basic	In Key Stage 2 children will	In Key Stage 2 children will	In Key Stage 2 children will	In Key Stage 2 children will
Using	for whittling, hammers,	basic tools (cutting of string,	tools, larger ropes and	develop their skills when using	develop their skills when	develop their skills when	develop their skills when
Tools	mallets, trowels and forks)	peeler for whittling, bow saw to cut discs (1:1)	independent cutting of string	a range of tools. Tools will only be used when the children are	using a range of tools. Tools will	using a range of tools. Tools will	using a range of tools. Tools will
		to cut discs (1.1)	cutting of string	physically, mentally and socially	only be used when the	only be used when the	only be used when the
				ready to do so. Children's	children are physically,	children are physically,	children are physically,
			Use of bow saw 1-1 to cut discs and	ability to use tools will develop at different ages	mentally and socially ready to do so. Children's ability	mentally and socially ready to do so. Children's ability	mentally and socially ready to do so. Children's ability
			peelers for whittling	at affectit ages	to use tools will develop at	to use tools will develop at	to use tools will develop at
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		different ages	different ages	different ages
				Peeler(1:1)			
					Loppers		
					Secateurs		
	Tuing shool bass	Introduction to basic knots	Mana assistingted use of linete	Maya asphishiashad was of lyste	Knives for whittling	Chaltar hitches and knots	Mara complay knots and
Knots	Tying shoe laces	Introduction to basic knots	More sophisticated use of knots for attaching to structures and	More sophisticated use of knots for attaching to structures and	More sophisticated knots for attaching to structures and	Shelter hitches and knots	More complex knots and selecting the correct knot for
			trees	trees	trees		a job
						More complex knots and	
			Example - Overhand knot and	Lashing and frapping frames	Independent use of lashing	selecting the correct knot for a job	
			half hitch	and	and frapping techniques	101 4 300	
				dual structures			
			Laching and francing tachniques				
			Lashing and frapping techniques to	Example - Cow hitch,			
			make frames	,,			

Using Fire	Observe and talk about fire lighting procedures, begin to	Be safe around a fire	Experience using fire strikers to spark a flame	, , ,	Roast food on a fire with support	Cooking on a camp fire (roast food)	Prepare and light a campfire with supervision
for Cooking	contribute by selecting fuel Safety procedures – fire	Contribute to fire lighting by gathering fuel	Light a piece of cotton wool (fairy pillow)			Make and tend a fire safely	
	safety		Fire safety and the fire triangle				